

The A. P. of L. Weekly News Service
Saves news accounts and editorial in-
terpretation of news items, and
according to the industry, industrial,
and judicial fields.
Information of benefit to the trade
union movement.

WHOLE NO. 1306

WILLIAM GREEN, President

WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY, APRIL 25, 1936

FRANK MORRISON, Secretary-Treasurer

VOL. 28, NO. 17

FEDERAL

WEEKLY NEWS SERVICE

Entered as second-class matter September 30, 1912, at the Post Office at Washington, D. C., under the Act of August 24, 1912.
Postage paid at Washington, D. C., and at additional mailing offices.

Health a Security for Every Child During 1936 Stressed by Miss Lenroot

Sections of Social Security Act Providing Protection for Children Are Explained by Children's Bureau Chief—Forty-three States Are Already Cooperating With Federal Government in Safeguarding Rights of Childhood.

Editor's Note—President Roosevelt has proclaimed May 1 Child Health Day. He urged that the "plans for Federal, State and local cooperation in promoting the health and security of children, to note the extent to which these plans have so far been put into effect, and to make arrangements for their benefits to the children in every county in the United States." In the following article, Miss Katherine F. Lenroot, Chief of the Children's Bureau, explains the provisions of the Social Security Act affecting children and outlines the progress made in applying the benefits which the Act makes available.

By KATHERINE F. LENROOT

Chief, Children's Bureau, U. S. Department of Labor

The 1936 grants to the States for child health and welfare services of the Social Security Act constitute a major advance in a national children's program. It marks the start of the first wide-scale program of child health and welfare in 1936. The succeeding provisions in 1939 and 1940 reiterated the fundamental principle of child health and welfare. The program is designed to protect through adolescence, community provision for children's needs, and measures for the early diagnosis, care, treatment and training of physically and mentally handicapped children.

On April 15, 43 States, Alaska, District of Columbia, and Hawaii were actually cooperating on child health and welfare programs offered under the Social Security Act and plans submitted by all but one of the other States were under review. We, therefore, now have responsibility for a program of child health and security of children which promises to be the most comprehensive ever in the history of the United States with the exception of Puerto Rico and the islands, which are included in the Social Security Act.

Child Welfare Administration

To the Children's Bureau has been given the responsibility of administering the child health and welfare services of the Social Security Act. The Bureau is now in the process of organizing the child health and welfare services of the Social Security Act. The Bureau is now in the process of organizing the child health and welfare services of the Social Security Act. The Bureau is now in the process of organizing the child health and welfare services of the Social Security Act.

Material and Child Health Program

The material and child health program administered by the Bureau is designed to safeguard the life of the child. The program is designed to safeguard the life of the child. The program is designed to safeguard the life of the child. The program is designed to safeguard the life of the child. The program is designed to safeguard the life of the child.

Each State makes its own plan for material and child health services

Each State makes its own plan for material and child health services. Each State makes its own plan for material and child health services. Each State makes its own plan for material and child health services. Each State makes its own plan for material and child health services. Each State makes its own plan for material and child health services.

Local plans, as far as possible, cover the needs of the community

Local plans, as far as possible, cover the needs of the community. Local plans, as far as possible, cover the needs of the community. Local plans, as far as possible, cover the needs of the community. Local plans, as far as possible, cover the needs of the community. Local plans, as far as possible, cover the needs of the community.

Benefits for Crippled Children

The Federal Government will be making grants to the States for the care of crippled children. The Federal Government will be making grants to the States for the care of crippled children. The Federal Government will be making grants to the States for the care of crippled children. The Federal Government will be making grants to the States for the care of crippled children. The Federal Government will be making grants to the States for the care of crippled children.

55 DRESS SHOPS PICKED BY UNION PATTERNMAKERS

Chicago, Ill. (APLNF)—Eighty-five highly skilled workmen of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, belonging to Patternmakers' Local 75 of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, have been refused to return to work after a strike against the dress shops whose association they represent.

Keenly Packing Concern Is Held Infirm To Labor

Luxington, Ky. (APLNF)—The Lexington Central Labor Union and the Lexington Central Trades Council have circulated central labor bodies and made Caters' local union packing concern. The Lexington Central Labor Union and the Lexington Central Trades Council have circulated central labor bodies and made Caters' local union packing concern.

EDITORIAL

Business Booms, Profits Are Boosted; But Employers Keep Millions Jobless

Shorter Hours, Higher Wages, and Capacity Operation of Industry With the Objective of Providing a Living For All, Would Create Work for the Entire Unemployed Army and Insure An Average Income of \$3,688, A. F. of L. Says.

By A. F. of L. News Service

Washington, D. C.—The continued determination of those who own and operate American industry to produce high profits for themselves at the cost of unemployment for 12,000,000 jobless workers and relatively long hours and low wages for millions of employed workers was definitely re-emphasized by the statistics of the Labor in Its Monthly Survey of Industry.

Additional evidence of the complete lack of concern for the welfare of the workers was shown by the fact that the owners of the business have shown no interest in the operation of American industry at the present capacity.

The union has had a number of agreements with the employers which have been accepted on both sides.

It is the duty of the union to see that the workers are protected.

The union and the members have the right to be heard.

The issue that now confronts us is whether the union should be allowed to act as a bargaining agent for its members.

The members now again want all members to be represented by the union.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

By A. F. of L. News Service

Washington, D. C.—The continued determination of those who own and operate American industry to produce high profits for themselves at the cost of unemployment for 12,000,000 jobless workers and relatively long hours and low wages for millions of employed workers was definitely re-emphasized by the statistics of the Labor in Its Monthly Survey of Industry.

Additional evidence of the complete lack of concern for the welfare of the workers was shown by the fact that the owners of the business have shown no interest in the operation of American industry at the present capacity.

The union has had a number of agreements with the employers which have been accepted on both sides.

It is the duty of the union to see that the workers are protected.

The union and the members have the right to be heard.

The issue that now confronts us is whether the union should be allowed to act as a bargaining agent for its members.

The members now again want all members to be represented by the union.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

By A. F. of L. News Service

Washington, D. C.—The continued determination of those who own and operate American industry to produce high profits for themselves at the cost of unemployment for 12,000,000 jobless workers and relatively long hours and low wages for millions of employed workers was definitely re-emphasized by the statistics of the Labor in Its Monthly Survey of Industry.

Additional evidence of the complete lack of concern for the welfare of the workers was shown by the fact that the owners of the business have shown no interest in the operation of American industry at the present capacity.

The union has had a number of agreements with the employers which have been accepted on both sides.

It is the duty of the union to see that the workers are protected.

The union and the members have the right to be heard.

The issue that now confronts us is whether the union should be allowed to act as a bargaining agent for its members.

The members now again want all members to be represented by the union.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

Senator Wagner's \$876,000,000 Housing Bill Is Supported By the A. F. of L.

President Green Tells Senate Committee Federal Subsidy Is Necessary to Provide Dwellings for Millions In Low-Income Groups Who Lack Decent Homes.

By A. F. of L. News Service

Washington, D. C.—One hundred per cent backing by organized labor for Senator Wagner's Federal Housing Bill was given by President William Green of the American Federation of Labor in a statement before the Senate Committee on Education and Labor, which held hearings on the measure.

In appropriations and loans the Wagner bill would allow the expenditure of \$876,000,000 during the next five years to aid in the construction of houses for people whose annual income is so small that they are prevented from purchasing a home.

The Wagner Bill would set up a Federal authority empowered to lead local housing authorities in the construction of approved low-cost housing and to make grants of 40 per cent.

Masses Lack Adequate Housing

"There are not only millions of people with and among the workers, who have no adequate housing, but millions of people who are crowded into tenements and shacks in all parts of the country," President Green said.

President Green said that the bill would realize the full effect of the effects of the Wagner bill.

President Green said that the bill would realize the full effect of the effects of the Wagner bill.

President Green said that the bill would realize the full effect of the effects of the Wagner bill.

President Green said that the bill would realize the full effect of the effects of the Wagner bill.

President Green said that the bill would realize the full effect of the effects of the Wagner bill.

President Green said that the bill would realize the full effect of the effects of the Wagner bill.

President Green said that the bill would realize the full effect of the effects of the Wagner bill.

President Green said that the bill would realize the full effect of the effects of the Wagner bill.

President Green said that the bill would realize the full effect of the effects of the Wagner bill.

President Green said that the bill would realize the full effect of the effects of the Wagner bill.

President Green said that the bill would realize the full effect of the effects of the Wagner bill.

President Green said that the bill would realize the full effect of the effects of the Wagner bill.

President Green said that the bill would realize the full effect of the effects of the Wagner bill.

President Green said that the bill would realize the full effect of the effects of the Wagner bill.

President Green said that the bill would realize the full effect of the effects of the Wagner bill.

President Green said that the bill would realize the full effect of the effects of the Wagner bill.

President Green said that the bill would realize the full effect of the effects of the Wagner bill.

President Green said that the bill would realize the full effect of the effects of the Wagner bill.

President Green said that the bill would realize the full effect of the effects of the Wagner bill.

President Green said that the bill would realize the full effect of the effects of the Wagner bill.

President Green said that the bill would realize the full effect of the effects of the Wagner bill.

President Green said that the bill would realize the full effect of the effects of the Wagner bill.

President Green said that the bill would realize the full effect of the effects of the Wagner bill.

Reading makes a full man; conference a ready man; and writing an exact man—Francis Bacon.

By A. F. of L. News Service

Washington, D. C.—The continued determination of those who own and operate American industry to produce high profits for themselves at the cost of unemployment for 12,000,000 jobless workers and relatively long hours and low wages for millions of employed workers was definitely re-emphasized by the statistics of the Labor in Its Monthly Survey of Industry.

Additional evidence of the complete lack of concern for the welfare of the workers was shown by the fact that the owners of the business have shown no interest in the operation of American industry at the present capacity.

The union has had a number of agreements with the employers which have been accepted on both sides.

It is the duty of the union to see that the workers are protected.

The union and the members have the right to be heard.

The issue that now confronts us is whether the union should be allowed to act as a bargaining agent for its members.

The members now again want all members to be represented by the union.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

Transportation Ban on Strikebreakers Favored by House Judiciary Committee

By A. F. of L. News Service

Washington, D. C.—The Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives submitted a favorable report on the Wagner bill.

The Wagner Bill would set up a Federal authority empowered to lead local housing authorities in the construction of approved low-cost housing and to make grants of 40 per cent.

The Wagner Bill would set up a Federal authority empowered to lead local housing authorities in the construction of approved low-cost housing and to make grants of 40 per cent.

The Wagner Bill would set up a Federal authority empowered to lead local housing authorities in the construction of approved low-cost housing and to make grants of 40 per cent.

The Wagner Bill would set up a Federal authority empowered to lead local housing authorities in the construction of approved low-cost housing and to make grants of 40 per cent.

The Wagner Bill would set up a Federal authority empowered to lead local housing authorities in the construction of approved low-cost housing and to make grants of 40 per cent.

The Wagner Bill would set up a Federal authority empowered to lead local housing authorities in the construction of approved low-cost housing and to make grants of 40 per cent.

The Wagner Bill would set up a Federal authority empowered to lead local housing authorities in the construction of approved low-cost housing and to make grants of 40 per cent.

The Wagner Bill would set up a Federal authority empowered to lead local housing authorities in the construction of approved low-cost housing and to make grants of 40 per cent.

The Wagner Bill would set up a Federal authority empowered to lead local housing authorities in the construction of approved low-cost housing and to make grants of 40 per cent.

The Wagner Bill would set up a Federal authority empowered to lead local housing authorities in the construction of approved low-cost housing and to make grants of 40 per cent.

The Wagner Bill would set up a Federal authority empowered to lead local housing authorities in the construction of approved low-cost housing and to make grants of 40 per cent.

By A. F. of L. News Service

Washington, D. C.—The continued determination of those who own and operate American industry to produce high profits for themselves at the cost of unemployment for 12,000,000 jobless workers and relatively long hours and low wages for millions of employed workers was definitely re-emphasized by the statistics of the Labor in Its Monthly Survey of Industry.

Additional evidence of the complete lack of concern for the welfare of the workers was shown by the fact that the owners of the business have shown no interest in the operation of American industry at the present capacity.

The union has had a number of agreements with the employers which have been accepted on both sides.

It is the duty of the union to see that the workers are protected.

The union and the members have the right to be heard.

The issue that now confronts us is whether the union should be allowed to act as a bargaining agent for its members.

The members now again want all members to be represented by the union.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.

The members now want to see that the union is able to represent them.